## IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF PENNSYLVANIA

CHARITY D. CALLOWAY, :

Plaintiff, :

:

v. : CIVIL ACTION NO. 25-CV-0400

:

VILLANOVA UNIVERSITY,

Defendant. :

## **ORDER**

AND NOW, this 7th day of February, 2025, upon consideration of Plaintiff Charity D. Calloway's Motion to Proceed *In Forma Pauperis* (ECF No. 1), Complaint (ECF No. 2), Motion to Appoint Counsel (ECF No. 3), and Motion for Communication Preferences (ECF No. 7), it is **ORDERED** that:

- 1. Leave to proceed *in forma pauperis* is **GRANTED** pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915.
- 2. The Complaint is **DEEMED** filed.
- 3. The Complaint is **DISMISSED WITHOUT PREJUDICE** for the reasons in the Court's Memorandum.
- 4. Calloway may file an amended complaint within thirty (30) days of the date of this Order. Any amended complaint must identify all defendants in the caption of the amended complaint in addition to identifying them in the body of the amended complaint and shall state the basis for Calloway's claims against each defendant. The amended complaint shall be a complete document that does not rely on the initial Complaint or other papers filed in this case to state a claim. When drafting her amended complaint, Calloway should be mindful of the Court's reasons for dismissing the claims in her initial Complaint as explained in the Court's

Memorandum. Upon the filing of an amended complaint, the Clerk shall not make service until so **ORDERED** by the Court.

- 5. The Clerk of Court is **DIRECTED** to send Calloway a blank copy of this Court's current standard form to be used by a self-represented litigant filing an employment discrimination action bearing the above-captioned civil action number. Calloway may use this form to file her amended complaint if she chooses to do so.
- 6. If Calloway does not wish to amend her Complaint and instead intends to stand on her Complaint as originally pled, she may file a notice with the Court within thirty (30) days of the date of this Order stating that intent, at which time the Court will issue a final order dismissing the case. Any such notice should be titled "Notice to Stand on Complaint," and shall include the civil action number for this case. *See Weber v. McGrogan*, 939 F.3d 232 (3d Cir. 2019) ("If the plaintiff does not desire to amend, he may file an appropriate notice with the district court asserting his intent to stand on the complaint, at which time an order to dismiss the action would be appropriate." (quoting *Borelli v. City of Reading*, 532 F.2d 950, 951 n.1 (3d Cir. 1976))); *In re Westinghouse Sec. Litig.*, 90 F.3d 696, 703–04 (3d Cir. 1996) (holding "that the district court did not abuse its discretion when it dismissed with prejudice the otherwise viable claims . . . following plaintiffs' decision not to replead those claims" when the district court "expressly warned plaintiffs that failure to replead the remaining claims . . . would result in the dismissal of those claims").
- 7. If Calloway fails to file any response to this Order, the Court will conclude that Calloway intends to stand on her Complaint and will issue a final order dismissing this case.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The six-factor test announced in *Poulis v. State Farm Fire & Casualty Co.*, 747 F.2d 863 (3d Cir. 1984), is inapplicable to dismissal orders based on a plaintiff's intention to stand on her complaint. *See Weber*, 939 F.3d at 241 & n.11 (treating the "stand on the complaint"

See Weber, 939 F.3d at 239-40 (explaining that a plaintiff's intent to stand on his complaint may be inferred from inaction after issuance of an order directing him to take action to cure a defective complaint).

- 8. Calloway's motion for appointment of counsel (ECF No. 3) is **DENIED** without prejudice as premature.
- 9. Calloway's "Motion: Communication Preferences" (ECF No. 7), which requests that all communications in this matter be sent to charitydcalloway@gmail.com, is **GRANTED**. The Clerk of Court is **DIRECTED** to update the docket to include the email address.

**BY THE COURT:** 

MARY KAY COSTELLO, J.

doctrine as distinct from dismissals under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 41(b) for failure to comply with a court order, which require assessment of the *Poulis* factors); *see also Elansari v. Altria*, 799 F. App'x 107, 108 n.1 (3d Cir. 2020) (*per curiam*). Indeed, an analysis under *Poulis* is not required when a plaintiff willfully abandons the case or makes adjudication impossible, as would be the case when a plaintiff opts not to amend her complaint, leaving the case without an operative pleading. *See Dickens v. Danberg*, 700 F. App'x 116, 118 (3d Cir. 2017) (*per curiam*) ("Where a plaintiff's conduct clearly indicates that he willfully intends to abandon the case, or where the plaintiff's behavior is so contumacious as to make adjudication of the case impossible, a balancing of the *Poulis* factors is not necessary."); *Baker v. Accounts Receivables Mgmt., Inc.*, 292 F.R.D. 171, 175 (D.N.J. 2013) ("[T]he Court need not engage in an analysis of the six *Poulis* factors in cases where a party willfully abandons her case or otherwise makes adjudication of the matter impossible." (citing cases)).